

## Άσκηση 1.20

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Έστω  $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_n > 0$

Δείξτε ότι  $(\alpha_1 + \dots + \alpha_n) \cdot \left( \frac{1}{\alpha_1} + \dots + \frac{1}{\alpha_n} \right) \geq n^2$

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### Απόδειξη

Από την ανισότητα Αριθμητικού – Γεωμετρικού μέσου έχουμε

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \frac{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \dots + \alpha_n}{n} \geq \sqrt[n]{\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \dots \alpha_n} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha_1} + \frac{1}{\alpha_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{\alpha_n} \geq n \sqrt[n]{\frac{1}{\alpha_1} \frac{1}{\alpha_2} \dots \frac{1}{\alpha_n}} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \frac{(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \dots + \alpha_n) \cdot \left( \frac{1}{\alpha_1} + \frac{1}{\alpha_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{\alpha_n} \right)}{n^2} \geq 1 \Rightarrow$$

$$(\alpha_1 + \dots + \alpha_n) \cdot \left( \frac{1}{\alpha_1} + \dots + \frac{1}{\alpha_n} \right) \geq n^2.$$